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<https://www.lead2pass.com/352-001.html> QUESTION 101 Which two features can be used to extend VRFs across a campus? (Choose two.) A. 802.1q trunks B. LDPC. MPLS TED. GREE. port channels Answer: AD QUESTION 102 You are asked to design a large campus network that will be using multicast for data transport. Which feature should be enabled at the Layer 2 access edge for host-only ports? A. PortFast B. BPDU guard C. PIM-SMD. PIM query interval Answer: A QUESTION 103 After the recent implementation of a new design that incorporated GRE tunnels into the network, the network operations staff is seeing the following syslog message in multiple routers on the network - %TUN-5-RECURDOWN: Tunnel0 temporarily disabled due to recursive routing. From a design perspective, what was not taken into account prior to implementing the solution? A. The neighboring routers cannot respond within the specified hold time. B. The interface on the router that is the source of the tunnel is down. C. The interface on the neighboring router that is the source of the tunnel is down. D. The router is learning the route to the tunnel destination address using the tunnel interface. E. The tunnel interface on the router is not receiving any keepalives within the specified hold time. Answer: D QUESTION 104 A company plans to establish a new network using Cisco Catalyst switches for its multicast applications. What is the disadvantage when two multicast applications are using the multicast IP addresses 234.17.4.5 and 234.145.4.5 inside the same network? A. Multicast packets from both applications are flooded to all Layer 2 ports in a segment where a multicast receiver is located. B. Multicast packets from both applications are flooded to ports where one multicast receiver from one application is located. C. Only one multicast stream is received at the port where the receivers from both applications are located. D. Both multicast senders will always receive the multicast packets from the other multicast application. E. The routers doing PIM-SM cannot distinguish between the two multicast applications. Answer: B QUESTION 105 Which design concern should be accounted for in all Layer 3 virtualization technologies? A. Layer 3 redundancy B. packet sizing C. application usage D. Layer 3 stability Answer: B QUESTION 106 A many-to-many enterprise messaging application is using multicast as a transport mechanism. As part of the network design for this application, which multicast address should be used, according to best practices outlined in RFC 2365? A. 224.0.0.60 B. 232.192.0.60 C. 239.128.0.60 D. 239.193.0.60 Answer: D QUESTION 107 Refer to the exhibit. You are planning the design of an encrypted WAN. IP packets will be transferred over encrypted GRE tunnels between routers B and C. The packet size is limited to a maximum of 1500 bytes inside the WAN between routers B and C. If endpoint 1 tries to send 1500-byte IP packets to endpoint 2, in what three ways will the network design handle the fragmentation in three different possible network configurations? (Choose three.) A. When router B fragments packets after the encryption, router C must reassemble these fragmented packets. B. When router B fragments packets before the encryption, router C must reassemble these fragmented packets. C. When router B fragments packets after the encryption, the endpoint 2 must reassemble these fragmented packets. D. When router B fragments packets before the encryption, endpoint 2 must reassemble these fragmented packets. E. When router A fragments packets, router C must reassemble these fragmented packets. F. When router A fragments packets, endpoint 2 must reassemble these fragmented packets. Answer: ADF QUESTION 108 When a design calls for spanning VLANs across a campus network, what are two issues that need to be addressed in the design? (Choose two.) A. network convergence B. network accessibility C. fault isolation D. application scalability E. user experience Answer: AC QUESTION 109 Which two aspects are considered when designing a dual hub, dual DMVPN cloud topology? (Choose two.) A. recommended for high availability B. requires all sites to have dual Internet connections C. spoke-to-spoke traffic will transit the hub unless spokes exchange dynamic routing directly D. hub sites must connect to both DMVPN clouds E. will only work with single-tier headend architecture Answer: AE QUESTION 110 When creating a network design, which one of these options provides for basic Layer 2 client isolation to prevent broadcast traffic exposure? A. SVIB. VLAN C. routed port D. edge port Answer: B QUESTION 111 When adding an IPsec headend termination device to your network design, which two performance indicators are the most accurate to determine device scalability? (Choose two.) A. CPU capabilities B. bandwidth capabilities C. packets per second capabilities D. maximum tunnel termination capabilities Answer: CD QUESTION 112 While reviewing an existing network design, you are discussing the characteristics of different STP versions. Which protocol minimizes unicast flooding during TCN in a Layer 2 switched network with many VLANs? A. STPB. MSTC. PVRSTPD. PVSTP+ Answer: D QUESTION 113 As a service provider you must support a Layer 2 virtualization protocol that does not include the use of label switching. Which option can meet this design requirement? A. VPLSB. VRF-Lite C. QinQ D. 802.3ad Answer: C QUESTION 114 Which two techniques are

used in a network design to slow down the distribution of topology information caused by a rapidly flapping link? (Choose two.) A. Bidirectional Forwarding Detection B. IP event dampening C. link-state incremental SPF D. link-state partial SPF E. LSA throttling F. SPF throttling Answer: BE QUESTION 115

When designing a WAN that will be carrying real-time traffic, what are two important reasons to consider serialization delay? (Choose two.) A. Serialization delays are variable because they depend on the line rate of the interface and on the type of the packet being serialized. B. Serialization delay depends not only on the line rate of the interface but also on the size of the packet. C. Serialization delays are invariable because they depend only on the line rate of the interface. D. Serialization delays are variable because they depend only on the size of the packet being serialized. E. Serialization delay is the time required to transmit the packet on the physical media. Answer: BE QUESTION 116

In a redesign of a multiple-area network, it is recommended that summarization is to be implemented. For redundancy requirements, summarization is done at multiple locations for each summary. Some customers now complain of higher latency and performance issues for a server hosted in the summarized area. What design issues should be considered when creating the summarization? A. Summarization adds CPU overhead on the routers sourcing the summarized advertisement. B. Summarization prevents the visibility of the metric to the component subnets. C. Summarization creates routing loops. D. Summarization causes packet loss when RPF is enabled. Answer: B QUESTION 117

Refer to the exhibit. What limitations exist in this design, given that the access layer devices are expected to steadily increase by two devices per week for the next year? A. scalability B. serviceability C. redundancy D. resiliency Answer: A QUESTION 118

What is a key design aspect to be considered when designing an IP network that will be carrying real-time VoIP traffic? A. Minimizing total bidirectional end-to-end delay to 0-150 ms B. Minimizing total unidirectional end-to-end delay to 150-500 ms C. Minimizing total bidirectional end-to-end delay to 0-50 ms D. Minimizing total unidirectional end-to-end delay to 0-150 ms Answer: D QUESTION 119

What is a key role for the access layer in a hierarchical network design? A. The access layer provides a security, QoS, and policy trust boundary. B. The access layer provides an aggregation point for services and applications. C. The access layer serves as a distribution point for services and applications. D. The access layer can be used to aggregate remote users. Answer: A QUESTION 120

You have been asked to deploy BGP across a satellite link system to a small number of retail stores. What must you do to successfully deploy BGP in this situation? A. configure all the BGP peering sessions across the satellite links as EBGP B. set the BGP hold timer to under one second C. configure the initial window size, maximum MTU, and TCP keepalive parameters D. manually configure static routes to back up BGP across the satellite link Answer: C

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