## [2017 New Lead2pass 2017 New Palo Alto Networks PCNSE7 Braindump Free Download (102-114)

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Profile that blocks Layer 4 and Layer 7 attacks. Answer: CExplanation: The firewall uses file blocking profiles two ways: to forward files to WildFire for analysis or to block specified file types over specified applications and in the specified session flow direction (inbound/outbound/both). You can set the profile to alert or block on upload and/or download and you can specify which applications will be subject to the file blocking profile. You can also configure custom block pages that will appear when a user attempts to download the specified file type. This allows the user to take a moment to consider whether or not they want to download a file.Incorrect Answers:D: Use a WildFire analysis profile to enable the firewall to forward unknown files or email links for WildFire analysis. Specify files to be forwarded for analysis based on application, file type, and transmission direction (upload or download). https://www.paloaltonetworks.com/documentation/61/pan-os/pan-os/policy/file-blocking-profiles QUESTION 108YouTube videos are consuming too much bandwidth on the network, causing delays in mission-critical traffic. The administrator wants to throttle YouTube traffic.The following interfaces and zones are in use on the firewall: - ethernet 1/1, Zone: Untrust (Internet-facing)- ethernet 1/2, Zone: Trust (client-facing) A QoS profile has been created, and QoS has been enabled on both interfaces. A QoS rule exists to put the YouTube application into QoS class 6. Interface Ethernet 1/1 has a QoS profile called Outbound, and interface Ethernet 1/21 has a QoS profile called Inbound. Which setting for Class 6 will throttle YouTube traffic? A. Outbound profile with Guaranteed IngressB. Inbound profile with Maximum EgressC. Inbound profile with Guaranteed EgressD. Outbound profile with Maximum Ingress Answer: BExplanation: Identify the egress interface for applications that you identified as needing QoS treatment. The egress interface for traffic depends on the traffic flow. If you are shaping incoming traffic, the egress interface is the internal-facing interface. If you are shaping outgoing traffic, the egress interface is the external-facing interface. https://www.paloaltonetworks.com/documentation/61/pan-os/pan-os/quality-of-service/configure-qos QUESTION 109Which field is optional when creating a new Security Police rule? A. DescriptionB. Destination ZoneC. ActionD. NameE. Source Zone Answer: AExplanation: The optional fields are: Description, Tag, Source IP Address and Destionation IP Address. https://www.paloaltonetworks.com/documentation/61/pan-os/pan-os/policy/components-of-a-security-policy-rule# 43864 QUESTION 110When using the predefined default antivirus profile, the policy will inspect for viruses on the decoders. Match each decoder with its default action. Answer options may be used more than once or not at all. (select four) A. IMAP - AlertB. IMAP - Reset-bothC. HTTP - AlertD. HTTP - Reset-bothE. FTP, SMB - AlertF. FTP, SMB - Reset-bothG. POP3, SMTP -AlertH. POP3, SMTP - Reset-both Answer: ADFGExplanation: The default profile inspects all of the listed protocol decoders for viruses, and generates alerts for SMTP, IMAP, and POP3 protocols while blocking for FTP, HTTP, and SMB protocols. https://www.paloaltonetworks.com/documentation/70/pan-os/pan-os/policy/antivirus-profiles QUESTION 111When a malware-infected host attempts to resolve a known command-and-control server, the traffic matches a security policy with DNS sinkhole enabled, generating a traffic log. What will be the destination IP address in that log entry? A. The IP address specified in the sinkhole configuration.B. The IP address of the command-and-control server.C. The IP address of sinkhole.paloaltonetworks.comD. The IP address of one of the external DNS servers identified in the anti-spyware database. Answer: AExplanation: Change the "Action on DNS queries" to 'sinkhole'. Click in the Sinkhole IPv4 field and type in the fake IP. The example here shows using 1.1.1.1 for simplicity, but as long as this fake IP is not used inside of the network, then it should be Ok. Alternatively, you can also use either a Loopback IP (127.0.0.1) or Palo Alto Networks Sinkhole IP (71.19.152.112). https://live.paloaltonetworks.com/t5/Configuration-Articles/How-to-Configure-DNS-Sinkhole/ta- p/58891 QUESTION 112How can a Palo Alto Networks firewall be configured to send syslog messages in a format compatible with non-standard syslog servers? A. Select a non-standard syslog server profileB. Check the custom-format check box in the syslog server profile.C. Enable support for non-standard syslog messages under device management.D. Create a custom log format under the syslog server profile. Answer: DExplanation: To customize the format of the syslog messages that the firewall sends, select the Custom Log Format tab. For details on how to create custom formats for the various log types, refer to the Common Event Format Configuration Guide. https://www.paloaltonetworks.com/documentation/70/pan-os/pan-os/monitoring/configure-syslog-monitoring.html QUESTION 113What are two prerequisites for configuring a pair of Palo Alto Networks firewalls in an active/passive High Availability (HA) pair? (Choose two.) A. The management interfaces must be on the same network.B. The firewalls must have the same set of licenses.C. The peer HA1 IP address must be the same on both firewalls.D. HA1 should be connected to HA1, either directly or with an intermediate Layer 2 device. Answer: BCExplanation: To set up high availability on your Palo Alto Networks firewalls, you need a pair of firewalls that meet the following requirements: The same set of licenses -- Licenses are unique to each firewall and cannot be shared between the firewalls. Therefore, you must license both firewalls identically. If both firewalls do not have an identical set of licenses, they cannot synchronize configuration information and maintain parity for a seamless failover. The same type of interfaces --Dedicated HA links, or a combination of the management port and in-band ports that are set to interface type HA.Determine the IP address for the HA1 (control) connection between the HA peers. The HA1 IP address for both peers must be on the same subnet if they are directly connected or are connected to the same switch.Etc. https://www.paloaltonetworks.com/documentation/70/pan-os/pan-os/high-availability/prerequisites-for-active-passive-ha# 74574 QUESTION 114Which device Group option is assigned by default in Panorama whenever a new device group is created to manage a Firewall? A. UniversalB. MasterC. GlobalD. Shared Answer: DExplanation:Select the Parent Device Group (default is

https://www.paloaltonetworks.com/documentation/70/panorama/panorama\_adminguide/manage-firewalls/add-a-device-group#\_267 00 Lead2pass gives the latest, authoritative and complete PCNSE7 braindumps for PCNSE7 exam, because of that, all of our candidates pass PCNSE7 certification without any problem. The biggest feature is the regular update of PCNSE7 PDF and VCE, which keeps our candidates' knowledge up to date and ensures their PCNSE7 exam success. PCNSE7 new questions on Google Drive: https://drive.google.com/open?id=0B3Syig5i8gpDeVd6NkdsNV9DRkE **2017 Palo Alto Networks** PCNSE7 exam dumps (All 131 Q&As) from Lead2pass: <u>http://www.lead2pass.com/pcnse7.html</u> [100% Exam Pass Guaranteed]

Shared) that will be just above the device group you are creating in the device group hierarchy.