## [2017 PDF&VCE Lead2pass 70-410 Exam Questions Free Download (241-260)

Lead2pass 2017 September New Microsoft 70-410 Exam Dumps 100% Free Download! 100% Pass Guaranteed! Lead2pass 70-410 latest updated braindumps including all new added 70-410 exam questions from exam center which guarantees you can 100% success 70-410 exam in your first try! Following questions and answers are all new published by Microsoft Official Exam Center: https://www.lead2pass.com/70-410.html QUESTION 241You run a Windows 2012 R2 Hyper-V Role Server, you need to shrink the size of files.vhd. Which powershellcmdlet option you should run first? A. Dismount-VHDB. Mount-VHDC. Resize-VHDD. Convert-VHDAnswer: DExplanation:Answer: Convert, as .vhd don't support shrink. Convert-VHD - Converts the format, version type, and block size of a virtual hard disk file. Convert-VHD - Path c:testfiles.vhd - DestinationPath c:testtestvhdx.vhdx The Resize-VHD cmdlet resizes a virtual hard disk. This cmdlet lets you shrink or expand the size of a virtual hard disk to less than its minimum size (available through the VHDX object's MinimumSizeproperty). After converting a dynamically expanding VHD to the VHDX format, a new Shrink menu option becomesavailable in the Hyper-V UI as shown. VHDX format VHDs only expose the Shrink option when there is free space in the VHDX file to reclaim.

http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh848454.aspx

http://blogs.msdn.com/b/virtual\_pc\_guy/archive/2012/05/10/shrinking-a-vhd-in-windows- 8fast.aspx

http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh848535.aspx QUESTION 242You only want to share a printer with Group1, administrators, central owner and operators. (pick 2 answers) A. Add permissions to Group1B. Remove permissions from administratorsC. Add permissions to operatorsD. Add permissions to Central OwnerE. Remove permissions from everyone. Answer: AEExplanation: QUESTION 243A laptop with server 2012 R2 OS, you need to ensure that server 2012 R2 can use wireless network adapter. Whatshould you do first? A. use server manager to install the Wireless Lan Service RoleB. use server manager to install the Wireless Network RoleC. use server manager to install the Wireless Lan Service FeatureD. use server manager to install the Wireless Network Feature Answer: CExplanation:

http://www.win2012workstation.com/wireless-networking/ QUESTION 244Hotspot QuestionYour network contains a domain controller named dc5.adatum.com that runs Windows Server 2012 R2.You discover that you can connect successfully to DC5 over the network, but you receive a request timed out message when you attempt to ping DC5. You need to configure DC5 to respond to ping request. Which firewall rule should you modify on DC5? To answer, select the appropriate rule in the answer area. Answer: QUESTION 245Your network contains an Active Directory domain named contoso.com. The domain contains a server namedServer1. Server1 runs Windows Server 2012 R2 and has the HyperV server role installed. You need to log the amount of system resources used by each virtual machine. What should you do? A. From Windows PowerShell, run the Enable-VMResourceMeteringcmdlet.B. From Windows System Resource Manager, enable Accounting.C. From Windows System Resource Manager, add a resource allocation policy.D. From Windows PowerShell, run the Measure-VM cmdlet. Answer: AExplanation:Enable-VMResourceMetering - The Enable-VMResourceMeteringcmdlet starts collecting resourceutilization data for a virtual machine or resource pool.http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh848481(v=wps.620).aspxMeasure-VM - The Measure-VM cmdlet reports data on processor usage, memory usage, network traffic, anddisk capacity for one or more virtual machines.http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh848471(v=wps.620).aspx QUESTION 246You work as an administrator at ABC.com. The ABC.com network consists of a single domain named ABC.com. All servers in the ABC.com domain, including domain controllers, have Windows Server 2012 R2 installed. ABC.com's user accounts are located in an organizational unit (OU), named ABCStaff. ABC.com's managersbelong to a group, named ABCManagers. You have been instructed to create a new Group Policy object (GPO) that should be linked to the ABCStaffOU, but not affect ABC.com's managers. Which of the following actions should you take? A. You should consider removing the user accounts of the managers from the ABCStaff OU.B. You should consider configuring the new GPO's WMI filter.C. You should consider adding the user accounts of ABC.com's managers to the Admins group.D. You should consider adding the user accounts of ABC.com's managers to the localAdministrators group. Answer: A QUESTION 247You have two servers named Server1 and Server2 that run Windows Server 2012 R2. Server1 and Server2 are part of a workgroup. On Server1, you add Server2 to Server Manager. When you attempt to connect to Server2 from Server Manager, you receive the following error message: "Credentials not valid." You need to ensure that you can manage Server2 from Server1 by using Server Manager on Server1. What should you do? A. On Server 2, run the Configure-SmRemotingcmdlet.B. On Server 1, run the Set-NetFirewallRulecmdlet.C. On Server 1, run the Set-Item cmdlet.D. On Server 2, install the Remote Server Administration Tools (RSAT). Answer: CExplanation: Add and manage servers in workgroupsAlthough adding servers that are in workgroups to Server Manager might be successful, after they are added, the

Manageability column of the Servers tile?on a role or group page that includes a workgroup server?can display Credentials not valid errors that occur while trying to connect to or collect data from the remote, workgroup server. To add remote workgroup servers to Server ManagerOn the computer that is running Server Manager, add the workgroup server name to the TrustedHosts list. This is a requirement of NTLM authentication. To add a computer name to an existing list of trusted hosts, add the Concatenate parameter to the command. For example, to add the Server01 computer to an existing list of trusted hosts, use the following command. Set-Item wsman:localhostClientTrustedHosts Server01 -Concatenate -Force https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh831453.aspx QUESTION 248Hotspot QuestionYou have a shared folder named Share1. The folder permissions of Share1 are configured as shown in the Folder Permissions exhibit. (Click the Exhibit button.) The Share permissions of Share1 are configured as shown in the Share Permissions exhibit. (Click the Exhibit button.) You have a group named Group1. The members of Group1 are shown in the Group1 exhibit. (Click the Exhibit button.) Select Yes if the statement can be shown to be true based on the available information; otherwise select No. Each correct selection is worth one point. Answer: QUESTION 249 You have a server named Server1 that runs a Server Core installation of Windows Server 2012 R2 Standard. You establish a Remote Desktop session to Server1. You need to identify which task can be performed on Server1 from within the Remote Desktop session. What should you identify? A. Modify the network settings by using Sconfig.B. Join a domain by using the System Properties.C. Disable services by using Msconfig.D. Install a feature by using Server Manger. Answer: AExplanation: In Windows Server 2012 R2, you can use the Server Configuration tool (Sconfig.cmd) to configure and manage several common aspects of Server Core installations. You must be a member of the Administrators group to use the tool. Sconfig.cmd is available in the Minimal Server Interface and in Server with a GUI mode. QUESTION 250You work as a senior administrator at Lead2pass.com. The Lead2pass.com network consists of a single domain named Lead2pass.com. All servers on the Lead2pass.com network have Windows Server 2012 R2 installed. You are running a training exercise for junior administrators. You are currently discussing storage pools. Which of the following are TRUE with regards to storage pools? A. It allows you to group physical disks into one or more containers.B. It prevents you from grouping physical disks into one or more containers.C. It allows you to easily add storage with minor impact on users.D. It allows you to easily add storage without impacting users. Answer: ADExplanation:A. Storage Space subsystem now virtualizes storage by abstracting multiple physical disks into a logical construct with specified capacityD. Thin provisioningWindows Server 2012 R2 Storage Space subsystem now virtualizes storage by abstracting multiple physical disks into a logical construct with specified capacity. The process is to group selected physical disks into a container, the so-called storage pool.Some of the goals of Storage Spaces include the ability to:Obtain and easily manage reliable and scalable storage with reduced cost Aggregate individual drives into storage pools that are managed as a single entity Utilize simple inexpensive storage with or without external storage 've createdProvision storage as needed from pools of storage youGrow storage pools on demandUse PowerShell to manage Storage Spaces for Windows 8 clients or Windows Server 2012 R2 Delegate administration by specific poolUse diverse types of storage in the same pool: SATA, SAS, USB, SCSI Use existing tools for backup/restore as well as VSS for snapshots Designate specific drives as hot sparesAutomatic repair for pools containing hot spares with sufficient storage capacity to cover what was lost Management can be local, remote, through MMC, or PowerShellLimitations:Not supported on boot, system, or CSV volumes (Storages Spaces formatted with ReFS can't be used for a CSV)Drives must be 10GB or largerWhen you introduce a drive into a storage pool, the contents of the drive being added will be lost.Add only un-formatted/un-partitioned drivesA simple storage pool must consist of at least one driveA mirrored pool must have at least 2 drives. For 3-way mirroring there is an obvious need for more Three drive minimum for using ParityAll drives in a pool must use the same sector sizeFibre-channel and iSCSI are not supportedStorage must be storport.sys compatibleVirtual disks to be used with a failover cluster that emanate from a storage pool must use the NTFS file system. ReFS or third-party file systems may be used for other purposes Thin provisioning is an end-to-end storage provisioning solution. It requires planning for storage deployment and execution on the host and client application. Windows thin provisioning features serve as the interfaces between the thin provisioning-capable storage and the host server. Windows thin provisioning features include thin provisioning logical unit (LUN) identification, thresholdnotification, handles for resource exhaustion, and space reclamation for delivering highly availableand scalable storage provisioning service to end users. Storage Spaces can virtualize storage to create what are called storage pools. A storage pool is an aggregation of unallocated space on physical disks installed in or connected to servers (These disks could be installed inside servers on your network or within just-a-bunch-of-disks (JBOD) enclosures). Storage pools are flexible and elastic, allowing you to add or remove disks from the pool as your demand for storage grows or shrinks. Once you've created a storage pool using Storage Spaces, you can provision storage from the pool by creating virtual disks. A virtual disk behaves exactly like a physical disk except that it can span multiple physical disks within the storage pool. Virtual disks can host simple volumes or volumes with resiliency (mirroring or parity) to increase the reliability or performance of the disk. A virtual disk is sometimes called a LUN. Storage Spaces is fully

remoteable and scriptable. This increases the Operational simplicity. Management is permitted through the Windows Storage Management API, WMI, and Windows PowerShell. And, Storage Spaces can be easily managed through the File Services role in Server Manager.<u>http://blogs.technet.com/b/askpfeplat/archive/2012/10/10/windows-server-2012-storage-spaces-is-it-for-</u>you-could-be.aspx<u>http://blogs.technet.com/b/yungchou/archive/2012/08/31/windows-server-2012-storage-virtualization-</u>explained.aspx <u>http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/windows/hardware/hh770514.aspx</u> http://blogs.msdn.com/b/clustering/archive/2012/06/02/10314262.aspx

http://blogs.msdn.com/b/b8/archive/2012/01/05/virtualizing-storage-for-scale-resiliency-and-efficiency.aspx http://blogs.technet.com/b/canitpro/archive/2012/12/20/windows-server-2012-it-camp-lab-3-thin-vs-fixedprovisioning-that-is-the-storage-management-question.aspx QUESTION 251Hotspot QuestionYour network contains two Active Directory forests named contoso.com and adatum.com.A two-way forest trust exists between the forests.You have custom starter Group Policy objects (GPOs) defined in contoso.com. You need to ensure that the same set of custom starter GPOs are available in adatum.com. In the table below, identify which action must be performed for the starter GPOs container in each forest. Make only one selection in two of the rows. Each correct selection is worth one point. Answer: QUESTION 252Hotspot QuestionYou have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2012 R2. Server1 is a member of a workgroup. You need to ensure that only members of the Administrators group and members of a group named Group1 can log on locally to Server1. Which settings should you modify from the Local Security Policy? To answer, select the appropriate settings in the answer area. Answer: Explanation:UAC Is controlled by local security policy. Computer ConfigurationWindows SettingsSecurity SettingsLocal PoliciesSecurity OptionYou can use the Local Security Policy console to modify the behavior of UAC. Start Local Security Policy (Secpol.msc) and open Security SettingsLocal PoliciesSecurity Options. User Account Control (UAC) helps prevent malicious programs (also called malware) from damaging a computer and helps organizations deploy a better-managed desktop. With UAC, applications and tasks always run in the security context of a non-administrator account, unless an administrator specifically authorizes administrator-level access to the system. UAC can block the automatic installation of unauthorized applications and prevent inadvertent changes to system settings.http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/jj574202.aspx QUESTION 253You have a server named Server1. Server1 runs Windows Server 2012 R2 and is located in a perimeter network. You need to configure a custom connection security rule on Server1. The rule must encrypt network communications across the Internet to a computer at another company. Which authentication method should you configure in the connection security rule? A. AdvancedB. User (Kerberos V5)C. Computer (Kerberos V5)D. Computer and user (Kerberos V5)E. Default Answer: AExplanation: You need to make use of Advanced authentication method to ensure that communication is encrypted over the network to the other company from your custom connection security rule on Server1.http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb742516.aspx QUESTION 254Your network contains two Active Directory forests named contoso.com and adatum.com. All servers run Windows Server 2012 R2. A one-way external trust exists between contoso.com and adatum.com. Adatum.com contains a universal group named Group1. You need to prevent Group1 from being used to provide access to the resources in contoso.com. What should you do? A. Modify the Managed By settings of Group1.B. Modify the Allowed to Authenticate permissions in adatum.com.C. Change the type of Group1 to distribution.D. Modify the name of Group1. Answer: BExplanation:\* Accounts that require access to the customer Active Directory will be granted a special right called Allowed to Authenticate. This right is then applied to computer objects (Active Directory domain controllers and AD RMS servers) within the customer Active Directory to which the account needs access.\* For users in a trusted Windows Server 2008 or Windows Server 2003 domain or forest to be able to access resources in a

trusting Windows Server 2008 or Windows Server 2003 domain or forest where the trust authentication setting has been set to selective authentication, each user must be explicitly granted the Allowed to Authenticate permission on the security descriptor of the computer objects (resource computers) that reside in the trusting domain or forest. QUESTION 255Your network contains an Active Directory forest named contoso.com. The forest contains a child domain named corp.contoso.com. The network has Microsoft Exchange Server 2010 deployed. You need to create a mail-enabled distribution group. Which type of group should you create? A. Domain localB. GlobalC. LocalD. Universal Answer: DExplanation:

http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/bb726978.aspx</u>Universal groups Groups that are used to grant permissions on a wide scale throughout a domain tree or forest. Members of global groups include accounts and groups from any domain in the domain tree or forest.Microsoft Exchange Server 2007: Implementation and AdministrationBy Jim McBee, Benjamin Craig page 248:Only universal groups should be used as mail-enabled groups. QUESTION 256Your network contains an Active Directory forest named contoso.com. The forest contains a single domain. The domain contains two domain controllers named DC1 and DC2 that run Windows Server 2012 R2. The domain contains a user named User1 and a global security group named Group1. You need to add a new domain controller to the domain. You install Windows Server 2012 R2 on a new server named DC3. Which cmdlet should you

run next? A. Add-AdPrincipalGroupMembershipB. Install-AddsDomainControllerC. Install WindowsFeatureD. Install AddsDomainE. Rename-AdObjectF. Set-AdAccountControlG. Set-AdGroupH. Set-User Answer: CExplanation: http://www.mustbegeek.com/install-domain-controller-in-server-2012-using-windows-powershell/It is the 2nd step when installing a DC by powershell on a fresh server. QUESTION 257Your network contains an Active Directory forest named contoso.com. The forest contains a single domain. The domain contains two domain controllers named DC1 and DC2 that run Windows Server 2012 R2. The domain contains a user named User1 and a global security group named Group1. User1 logs on to a client computer named Computer1. You need to disable the computer account of Computer1.Which cmdlet should you run? A.

Add-AdPrincipalGroupMembershipB. Install-AddsDomainControllerC. Install WindowsFeatureD. Install AddsDomainE. Rename-AdObjectF. Set-AdAccountControlG. Set-AdGroupH. Set-User Answer: FExplanation:

http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ee617249.aspxSet-ADAccountControlEnabledSpecifies if an account is enabled. An enabled account requires a password. This parameter sets the Enabled property for an account object. This parameter also sets the ADS\_UF\_ACCOUNTDISABLE flag of the Active Directory User Account Control (UAC) attribute. Possible values for this parameter include:\$false or 0\$true or 1The following example shows how to set this parameter to enable the account.-Enabled \$true QUESTION 258Your network contains an Active Directory forest named contoso.com. The forest contains a single domain. The domain controllers named DC1 and DC2 that run Windows Server 2012 R2. The domain contains a user named User1 and a global security group named Group1. You reconfigure DC2 as a member server in the domain. You need to add DC2 as the first domain controller in a new domain in the forest. Which cmdlet should you run? A.

Add-AdPrincipalGroupMembershipB. Install-AddsDomainControllerC. Install WindowsFeatureD. Install AddsDomainE. Rename-AdObjectF. Set-AdAccountControlG. Set-AdGroupH. Set-User Answer: DExplanation:

http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh974722.aspx QUESTION 259Your network contains an Active Directory domain named contoso.com. The domain contains a member server named Server1. Server1 runs Windows Server 2012 R2 and has the Hyper-V server role installed. You create an external virtual switch named Switch1. Switch1 has the following configurations: -Connection type: External network- Single-root I/O visualization (SR-IOV): Enabled- Ten virtual machines connect to Switch1. You need to ensure that all of the virtual machines that connect to Switch1 are isolated from the external network and can connect to each other only. The solution must minimize network downtime for the virtual machines. What should you do? A. Change the Connection type of Switch1 to Internal network.B. Change the Connection type of Switch1 to Private network.C. Remove Switch1 and recreate Switch1 as an internal network.D. Remove Switch1 and recreate Switch1 as a private network. Answer: DExplanation:Original answer is B.But the correct answer is D.You cannot change the type of vswitch from external to private when SR-IOV is enabled at vswitch creation -> you need to recreate the vswitch. QUESTION 260You have a Hyper-V host named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2012 R2. Server1 hosts a virtual machine named VM1 that runs Windows Server 2012 R2. VM1 has several snapshots. You need to modify the snapshot file location of VM1. What should you do? A. Right-click VM1, and then click Export...B. Modify the Hyper-V settings.C. Delete the existing snapshots, and then modify the settings of VM1.D. Shut down VM1, and then modify the settings of VM1. Answer: CIn order for snapshot file location to be changed, all previous snapshots need to be deleted: More free Lead2pass **70-410** exam new questions on Google Drive:

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