AExplanation:

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Microsoft 70-778 Latest Dumps Free Download From Lead2pass: https://www.lead2pass.com/70-778.html QUESTION 1Note: This question is a part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution

that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution. After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen. Your company has 1,000 users in a Microsoft Office 365 subscription. A Power BI administrator named Admin1 creates 20 dashboards and shares them with 50 users. You discover that a use name User1 can access all the dashboards. You need to prevent User1 from accessing all the dashboards. Solution: From the properties of each dashboard, you modify the Share settings. Does this meet the goal? A. YesB. NoAnswer: BExplanation: https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/power-bi/service-admin-administering-power-bi-in-your-organization#how-do-i-remove-power-bifor-users-that-already-signed-up OUESTION 2Note: This question is a part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution. After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen. Your company has 1,000 users in a Microsoft Office 365 subscription. A Power BI administrator named Admin1 creates 20 dashboards and shares them with 50 users. You discover that a use name User1 can access all the dashboards. You need to prevent User1 from accessing all the dashboards. Solution: From the Power BI Admin portal, you modify the Dashboard settings. Does this meet the goal? A. YesB. No Answer: BExplanation: https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/power-bi/service-admin-administering-power-bi-in-your-organization#how-do-i-remove-power-bifor-users-that-already-signed-up QUESTION 3Note: This question is a part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution. After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen. Your company has 1,000 users in a Microsoft Office 365 subscription. A Power BI administrator named Admin1 creates 20 dashboards and shares them with 50 users. You discover that a use name User1 can access all the dashboards. You need to prevent User1 from accessing all the dashboards. Solution: From

Microsoft Azure Active Directory, you remove the Power BI license from User1. Does this meet the goal? A. YesB. No Answer:

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/power-bi/service-admin-administering-power-bi-in-your-organization#how-do-i-remove-power-bifor-users-that-already-signed-up QUESTION 4Note: This question is a part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution. After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen. You have a Power BI model that contains two tables named Sales and Date. Sales contains four columns named TotalCost, DueDate, ShipDate, and OrderDate. Date contains two columns named Date and Time. The tables have the following relationships: Sales [DueDate] and Date [Date]Sales [ShipDate] and Date [Date] Sales [OrderDate] and Date [Date] The active relationship is on Sales [DueDate]. You need to create measures to count the number of orders by [ShipDate] and orders by [OrderDate]. You must meet the goal without loading any additional data. Solution: You create a calculated table. You create a measure that uses the new table. Does this meet the goal? A. YesB. No Answer: B QUESTION 5Note: This question is a part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution. After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen. You have a Power BI model that contains two tables named Sales and Date. Sales contains four columns named TotalCost, DueDate, ShipDate, and OrderDate. Date contains two columns named Date and Time. The tables have the following relationships: Sales [DueDate] and Date [Date] Sales [ShipDate] and Date [Date] Sales [OrderDate] and Date [Date] The active relationship is on Sales [DueDate]. You need to create measures to count the number of orders by [ShipDate] and orders by [OrderDate]. You must meet the goal without loading any additional data. Solution: You create two copies of the Date table named ShipDate and OrderDateGet. You create a measure that uses the new tables. Does this meet the goal? A. YesB. No Answer: B QUESTION 6Note: This question is a part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution. After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen. You have a Power BI model that contains two tables

named Sales and Date. Sales contains four columns named TotalCost, DueDate, ShipDate, and OrderDate. Date contains two columns named Date and Time. The tables have the following relationships: Sales [DueDate] and Date [Date]Sales [ShipDate] and Date [Date] Sales [OrderDate] and Date [Date] The active relationship is on Sales [DueDate]. You need to create measures to count the number of orders by [ShipDate] and orders by [OrderDate]. You must meet the goal without loading any additional data. Solution: You create measures that use the CALCULATE, COUNT, and FILTER DAX functions. Does this meet the goal? A. YesB. No Answer: AExplanation:https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ee634966.aspx https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ee634825.aspxhttps://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ee634791.aspx QUESTION 7Note: This question is a part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution. After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen. You have a query for a table named Sales. Sales has a column named CustomerID. The Data type of CustomerID is Whole Number. You refresh the data and find several errors. You discover that new entries in the Sales table contain nonnumeric values. You need to ensure that nonnumeric values in the CustomerID column are set to 0. Solution: From Query Editor, select the CustomerID column and click Remove Errors.Does this meet the goal? A. YesB. No Answer: B QUESTION 8Note: This question is a part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution. After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen. You have a query for a table named Sales. Sales has a column named CustomerID. The Data type of CustomerID is Whole Number. You refresh the data and find several errors. You discover that new entries in the Sales table contain nonnumeric values. You need to ensure that nonnumeric values in the CustomerID column are set to 0. Solution: From Query Editor, select the CustomerID column and click Replace Values...Does this meet the goal? A. YesB. No Answer: B 70-778 dumps full version (PDF&VCE): https://www.lead2pass.com/70-778.html Large amount of free 70-778 exam questions on Google Drive: https://drive.google.com/open?id=12v3PRE8b42cihSnehUdewtrKwre_LqtR